

Schedules (Line Drawings) - An Overview

Evidence-Based Practice Link	A schedule is an ordered list of specific activities to be completed during a given period of time. A schedule is considered an <i>antecedent-based intervention</i> , which is an evidence-based practice for autistic individuals that "includes a variety of modifications that are made to the environment/context in an attempt to change or shape a learner's behavior." (Steinbrenner et al., 63).
When to Use Schedules	Ideal times to use schedules with autistic children, or other children with or without disabilities, could include, but are not limited to: • everyday routines (morning and bedtime), • throughout an activity to break down the specifics of that task (steps to make a recipe), • household chores to complete, or • during new or different activities (family outings or activities).
Why Use Schedules	 Increases predictability about the events of the day Clarifies expectations about where a child should be and what the child should be doing Promotes independence Teaches flexibility to children by helping them anticipate when changes may occur
Critical Components of Schedules	 Schedules should: be visible to the child and presented in a format that the child can comprehend (e.g., photos, words and pictures, written, etc.); be broken down into reasonable steps; include a clear way to indicate when an activity is finished; be referenced before and after each activity listed on the schedule; be handled by the child, if possible; include a consistent phrase to prompt the child to reference their schedule (e.g., "Check the schedule," or "Let's see what is next"); and include a visual representation of a schedule change.



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Schedules in Action



Assembly Tips

- 1. Print and laminate the schedule activity pieces.
- 2. Place a hard-sided Velcro strip on a folder, paint stick, or laminated strip of construction paper.
- 3. Place soft-sided Velcro on the back of each schedule piece.
- 4. Lay out the daily schedule appropriately, with part or all of the day represented.
- 5. Consider where to post the schedule (e.g., taped to the refrigerator, in the child's room, or on a clipboard for the child to carry).

TRIAD Resources to Learn More

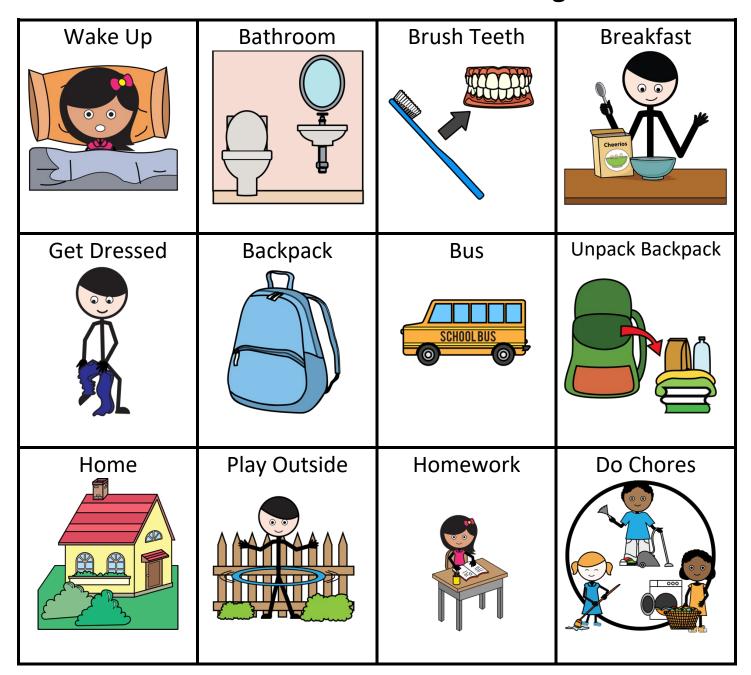
Modules about schedules are available here:

- Two-part series about using schedules in classrooms, available <u>here</u>
- Four-part series about using schedules with young students, available here
 *Must create a free account to access

Steinbrenner, J. R., Hume, K., Odom, S. L., Morin, K. L., Nowell, S. W., Tomaszewski, B., Szendrey, S., McIntyre, N. S., Yücesoy-Özkan, S., & Savage, M. N. (2020). Evidence-based practices for children, youth, and young adults with Autism. The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Frank Porter Graham Child Development Institute, National Clearinghouse on Autism Evidence and Practice Review Team.

https://ncaep.fpg.unc.edu/sites/ncaep.fpg.unc.edu/files/imce/documents/EBP%20Report%202020.pdf

Schedule Pieces- Individual Line Drawing Schedule





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