Action Plan

Your Child 1. How might your child's challenges with social communication and restricted/repetitive behaviors impact his/her success with toilet training?		
2. Wha	t are your child's strengths that may be helpful with toilet training?	
	t are other personal influences that may impact your child's success (positively or negatively) in raining (such as medical issues, etc.)?	
	iness tify which readiness skills your child currently has:	
	Notices when diaper or clothing is wet or soiled Shows interest in self-care (e.g., dressing, hand-washing, toileting) Shows interest in other's toileting Completely empties bladder when voiding and stays dry about 2 hours at a time Has bowel movements that follow a regular and predictable pattern	
	Is able to walk to and from the bathroom independently Has the balance to sit on toilet 2-5 minutes Follows a few simple directions (e.g., sit down) Indicates need to go to bathroom through facial expressions, postures, gestures or words	
	tify in what ways you and your family are ready to address toilet training: Realistic time of the year to work on it. If not, when would be a better time:	
	Amount of time to invest in it currently. If not, when would be a better time:	
	High priority goal. If not, what goals need to be addressed first:	
	Financial resources. If not, what areas need to be covered that cannot be currently:	
	Social support. If not, ideas for increasing social support:	
	Other factors:	

Goals and Action

6. Curr	ent toileting training goal:
	Sitting/Completing Toileting Process:
	Increasing Success:
	Communicating/Initiating Need:
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7 Iden	tify some ways to make the bathroom more positive:
	Footstool at base of toilet
	Cushioned toddler seat
	Towel/blanket over lap
	Space heater
	Rug/floor mat
	Tissue already in toilet to reduce splash
	Urine catcher in toilet
	Changing light bulbs/use lamps/adjusting blinds
	Keeping door open / closed
	Flushable wipes
	Wet wipes/hand sanitizer
	Light candles for scent
	Designated bathroom:
	Other ways:
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8. Writ	e out a general schedule of trips to the toilet and dry checks based on your daily schedule.
	
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	tify some ways to use visual supports during dry checks and scheduled sits:
Ц	Change current verbal instruction to increase understanding/choose a consistent phrase (less
_	words, more concrete, clarify expectations, pair with visual)
	Use visual schedule to aid in transitions/promote independence
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	Use task analysis to break down steps of toileting process
	Incorporate timer/way to track time
	Distracting activity while on toilet
	Other ways to use visual supports

Action Plan

	entify how you can use reinforcement with your child during toilet training:
A.	What reinforcers will you use?
В.	
	What appropriate behaviors will you reinforce?
D.	How will you use a First Then Board or Token Economy to communicate reinforcement?
E.	How will you communicate choices (choice board) or which options are or are not available?
F.	
G.	What will you say when providing reinforcement (specific praise)?
Н.	, ,
I.	Other ways to use reinforcement
11. Cre	eate a plan to respond to challenging behaviors and accidents that may occur during toileting:
	Identify the challenging behaviors you have seen/anticipate seeing:
	☐ Redirect child back to task or something
	neutral
	☐ Block attempts at dangerous behaviors
	□ Provide minimal attention to
	behavior
	☐ Follow-through using
	prompting
Sum	mary
	
	eate a summary of your current plan:
Examp	ole: Conduct dry checks every 30 minutes
	Schedule 7-minute sits every 2 hours
	Have him touch toilet picture to begin the trips
	Stand by the bathroom door during sits with little interaction
	Finish sit either when timer goes off or when he pees/poops
	Provide access to book after successful sitting is over
	Provide choice board for peeing/pooping in potty
	Provide tickles for dry checks